vSphere Networking and Converged IO with Blade Servers

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UK VMware User Group – 15th November 2012 #UKVMUG



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What is converged IO?



LAN and SAN/NAS traffic over same cables and switches

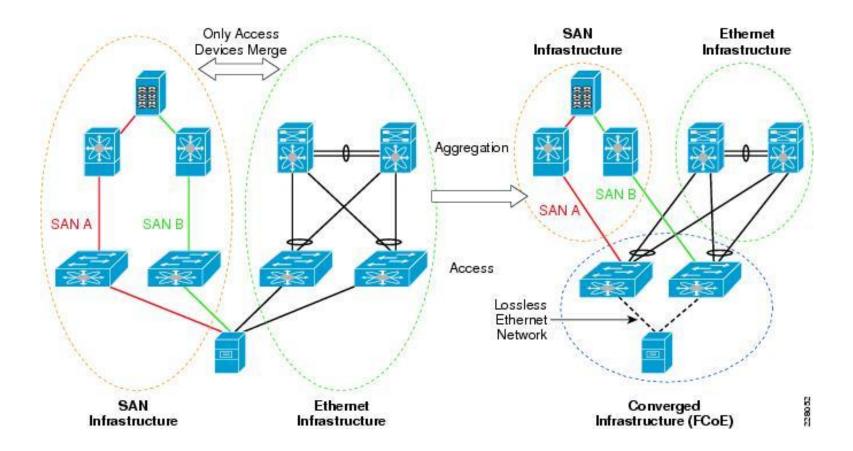
10Gbps Ethernet (10GbE) Fibre Channel-over-Ethernet (FCoE)

Lossless Ethernet Converged Enhanced Ethernet (CEE) or Data Center Bridging (DCB) FCoE tunnels storage traffic through Ethernet & requires CEE/DCB

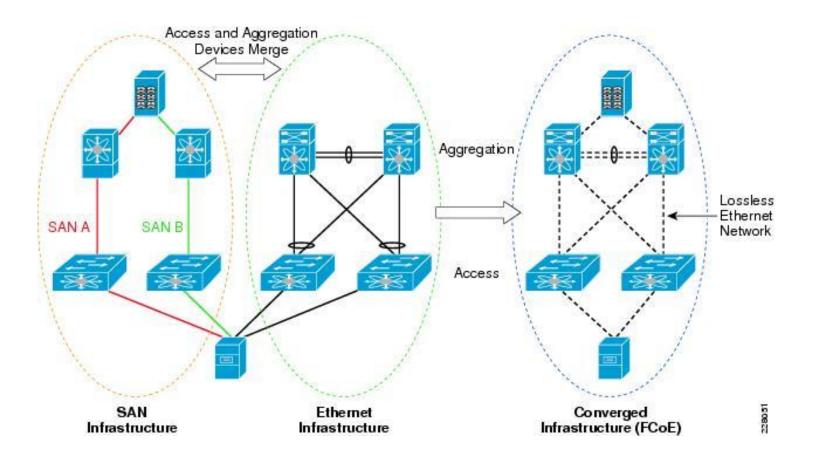
Infiniband RDMA (Remote Direct Memory Access) over CEE = RoCEE

Converged IO Nic Adapter (CNA)

What is converged IO?



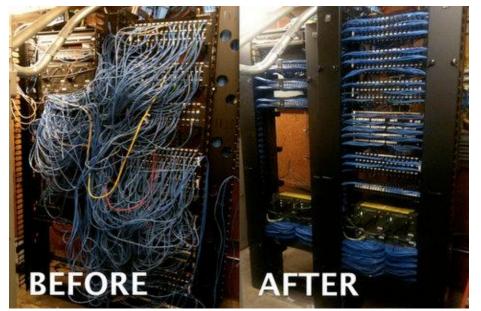
What is converged IO?





Why would you use it?

Reduce stuff and costs



Savings:

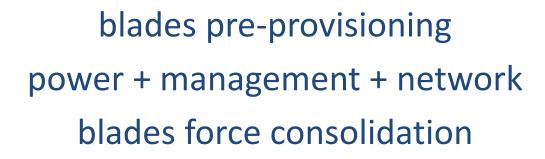
30% - 50% in capital expenditures 70% - 80% in cabling

Why would you use it?



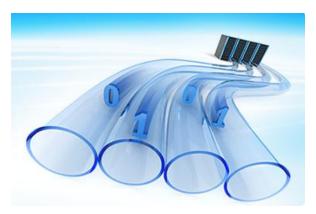
utilise cheap bandwidth more efficiently

get rid of fiber channel, without getting rid of fiber channel



How?

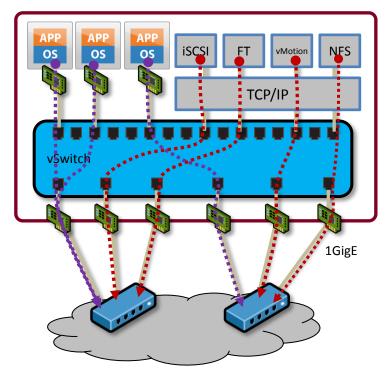
Physical Convergence consolidate multiple 1Gb Nics to single 10Gb Nic consolidate Ethernet and Fiber Channel to FCoE



Logical Divergence

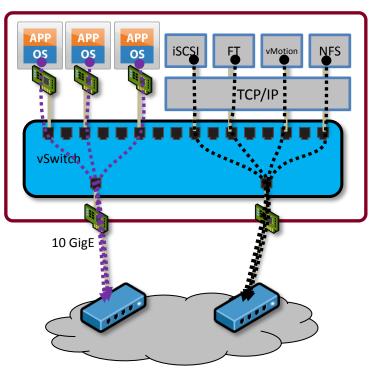
carve up 10Gb Nic to multiple logical Nics

Ethernet Multi 1Gb -> 10GbE 1GigE pNICs 10 GigE pNICs



Dedicated NICs for traffic types

Bandwidth assured by dedicated physical NICs

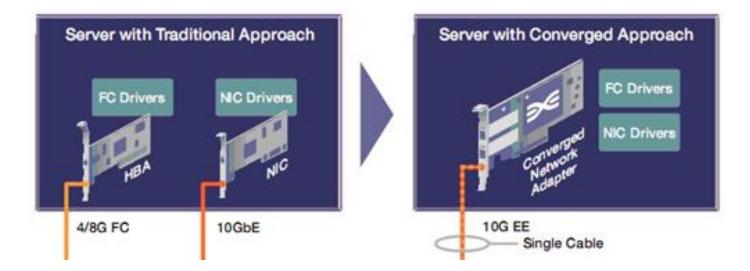


Traffic converged to two 10 GigE NICs

Traffic types could dominate others through oversubscription

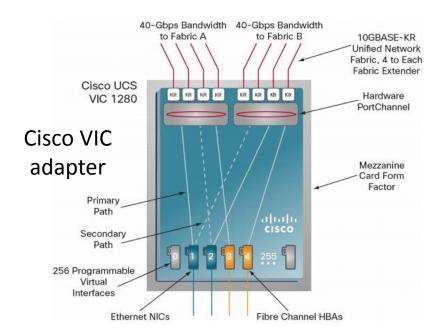
Ethernet + Fiber Channel -> FCoE

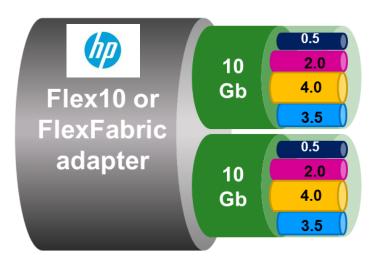
logically carve up CNA



host sees 2 x 10GbE + 2 x HBA

Carve 10GbE -> logical Nics





host sees ? x ?GbE + (? x HBA)



Cisco UCS (Unified Computing System)

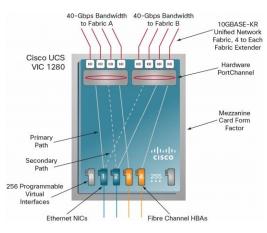
VIC Cards

256 vNICs and vHBA and present them to the host. uses QoS Lanes to segregate traffic

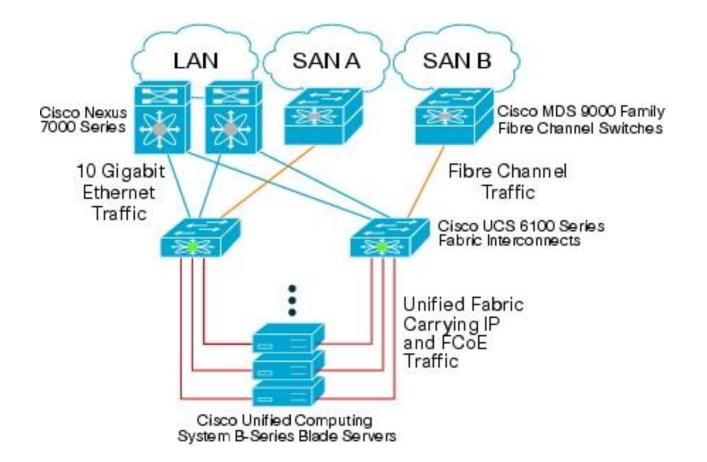
CISCO Unified Computing System



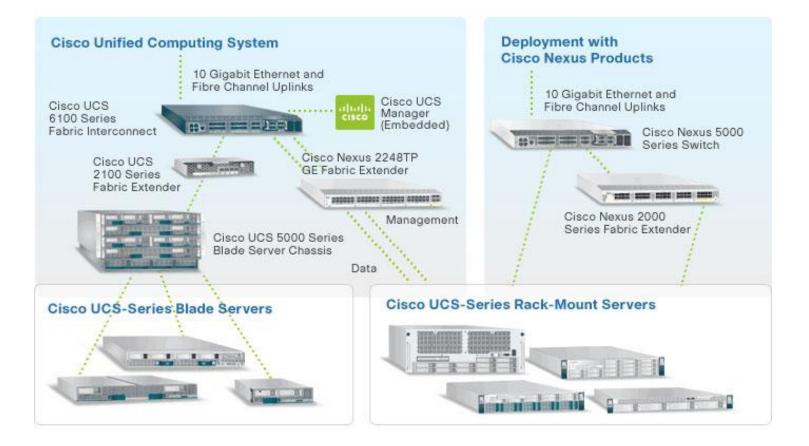
switching external to chassis remote line cards fabric extenders (FEX)



Cisco UCS (Unified Computing System)

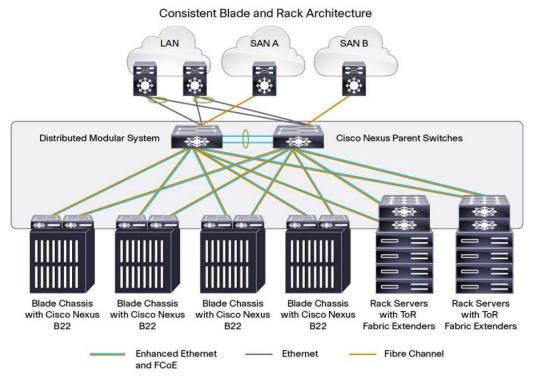


Cisco UCS (Unified Computing System)

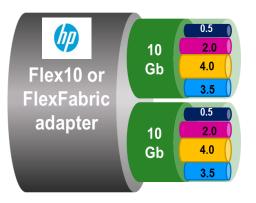


HP BladeSystem + Cisco

Cisco Fabric Extender for HP BladeSystem (B22HP) 2 x 10GbE + Remote Line Cards (FEX)



8 x FlexNics per blade

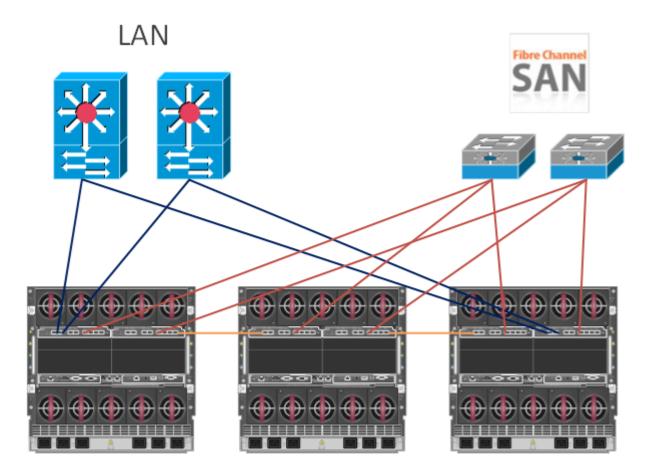


FlexFabric for FCoE 6 x vNIC + 2 x vHBA

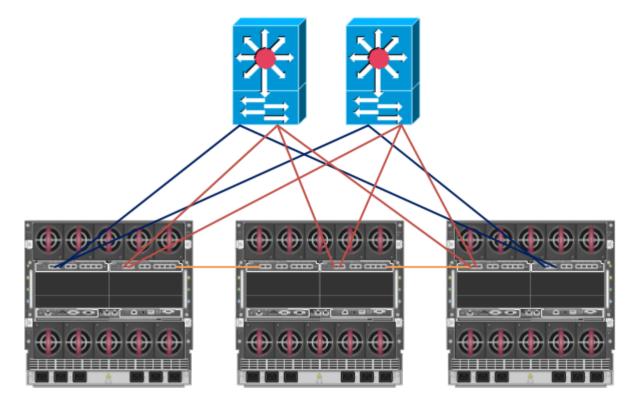


Flex-10 for Ethernet 8 x vNIC

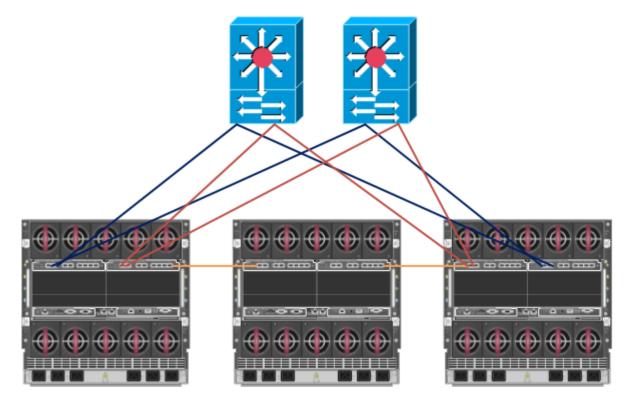
Virtual Connect switching internal to chassis no LACP across switches rate limiting to segregate traffic



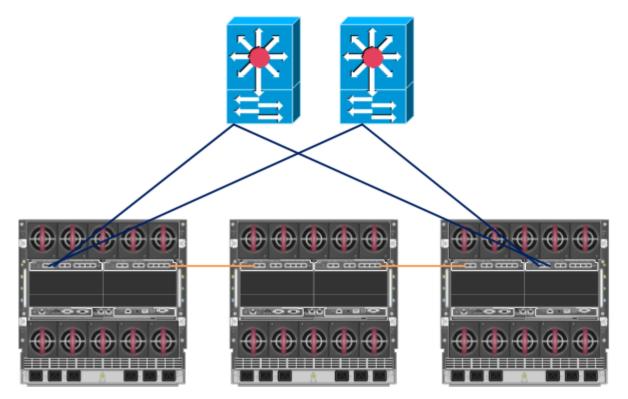
LAN/SAN



LAN/NAS



LAN/NAS



Traffic Protection & Security

management VM... DMZ backup vMotion ethernet storage FCoE Storage FT

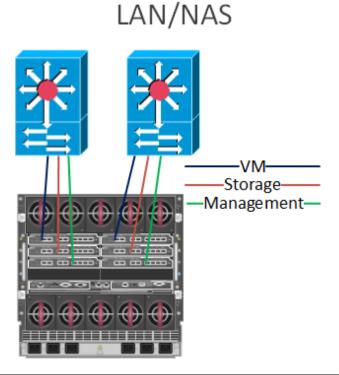
Options: physical hardware logical hardware software



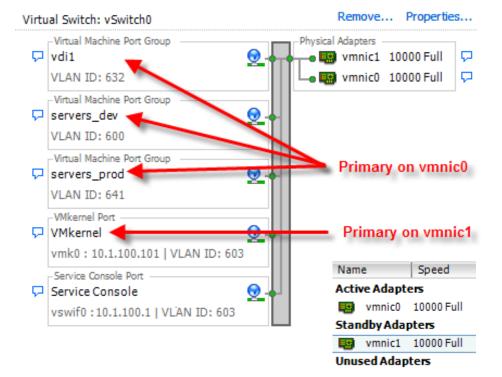
Physical Hardware Separation

physical separation

by pNics & uplinks



port group traffic direction



Logical Hardware Separation

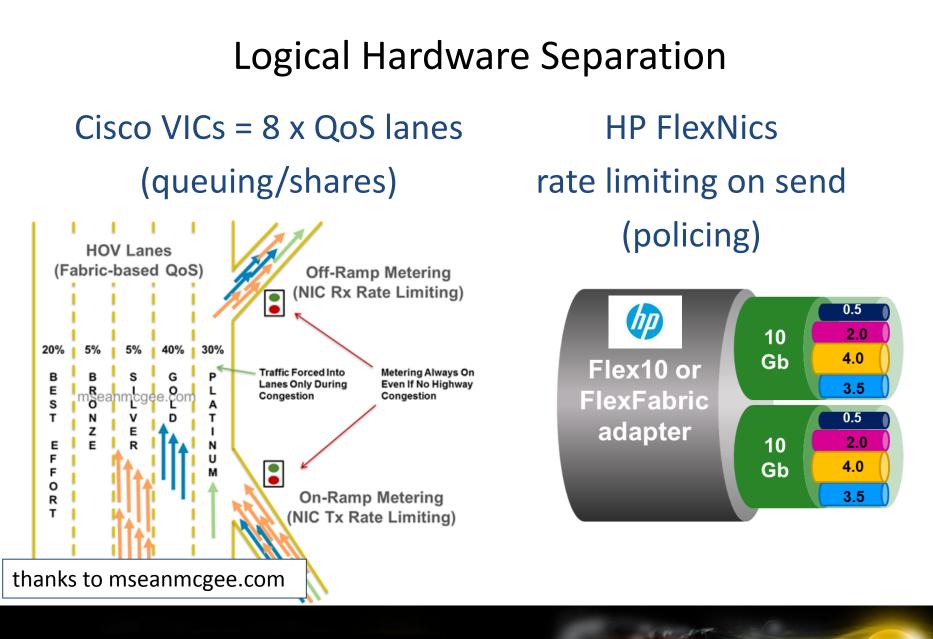
Cisco VIC/HP FlexNics multiple PCI Nics to host

Computer Managem

🗄 🧕 Sound, video and game controllers

Device	Speed Configured	Switch	MACAddress	■ File Action View Window Help ← → € 10 ∰ 12 10 200
Broadcom Corporation NC532i Du				Computer Management (Loc 🖃 🖳 W2K3-2
vmnic0 vmnic1 vmnic2 vmnic3 vmnic4 vmnic5 vmnic6 vmnic7	2500 Full Negotiate 2500 Full Negotiate	vSwitch0 vSwitch0 None None None None None None None	00:17:a4:77:24:f0 00:17:a4:77:24:f2 00:17:a4:77:24:f4 00:17:a4:77:24:f6 00:17:a4:77:24:f8 00:17:a4:77:24:f8 00:17:a4:77:24:fa 00:17:a4:77:24:fc 00:17:a4:77:24:fe	System Tools System Tools System Tools Sorage Sorage

multiple traffic lanes convergence at the switch

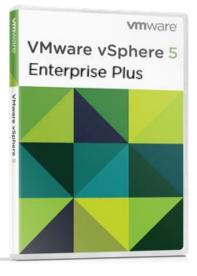


Software Segregation



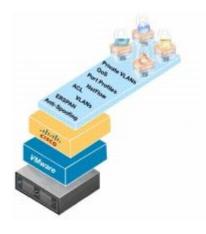
Cisco Nexus 1000V Virtual Switch QoS (802.1p)

VMware vSphere Distributed Switch (VDS) Network I/O Control (NIOC)



Cisco Nexus 1000V

virtual switch installed on ESXi replaces VMware switch acts as line card of modular switch each VM on a port of 1000V managed like physical servers port profiles = network config port profiles -> vCenter Port Groups QoS



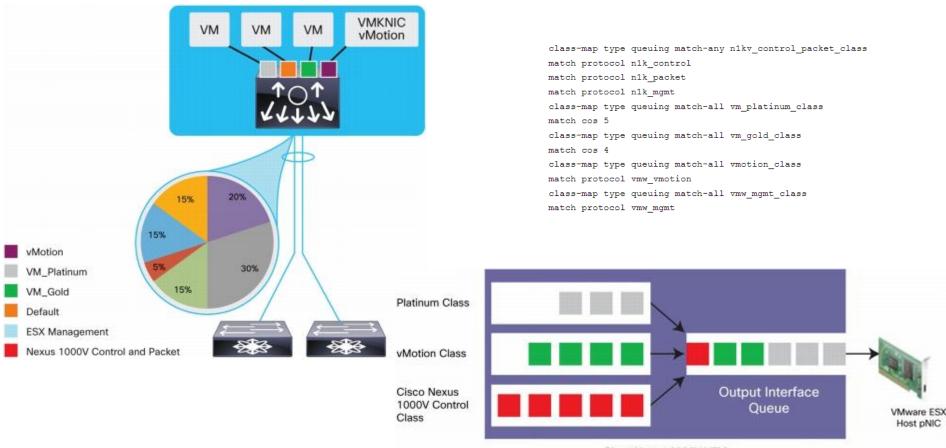
Cisco Nexus 1000V QoS

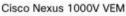


traffic marking before hitting adapter similar to UCS VIC QoS not FCoE/UDP

class-based weighted fair queuing (CBWFQ) guaranteed minimum bandwidth = shares all the way up to the switch 802.1p world boundary (no HP VC)

Cisco Nexus 1000V QoS



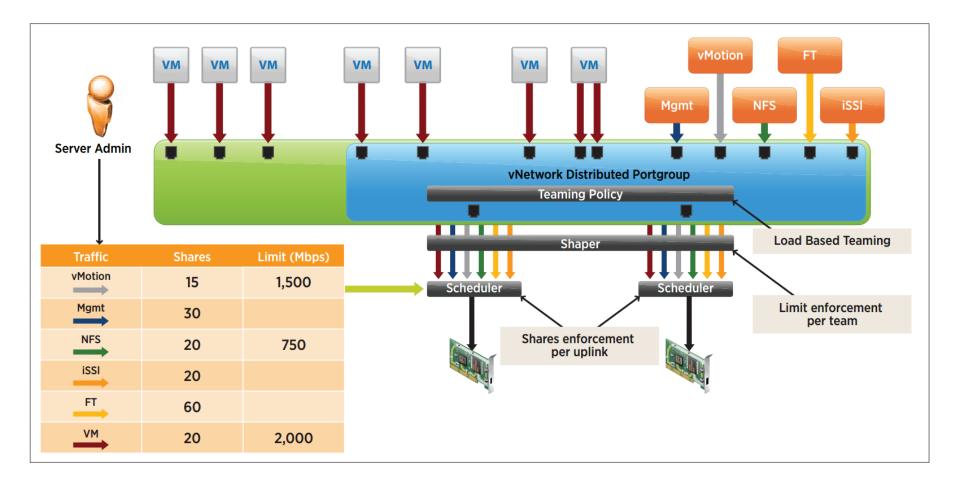


VMware Network I/O Control

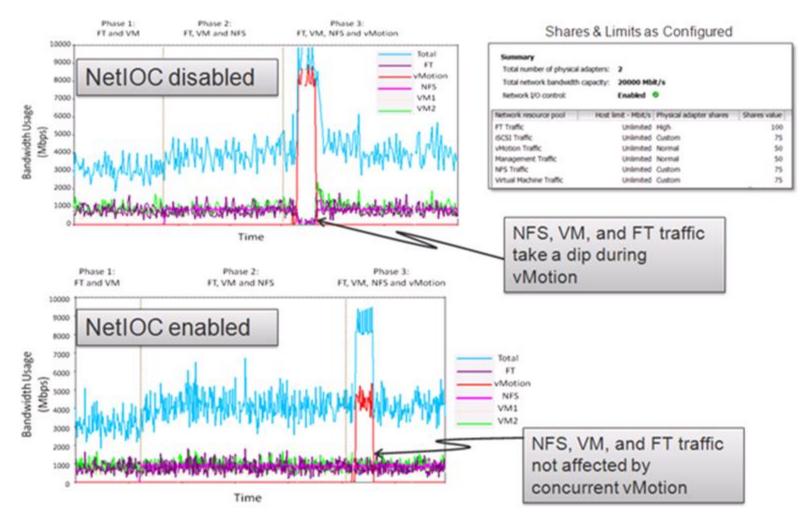
requires vSphere Distributed Switch (Ent+) outbound only, not marked before hitting adapter not FCoE/UDP Load-based Teaming isolation, shares, limits resource pools VM vMotion vSphere Replication 29% NFS User Defined FT 57% iSCSI Management

14%

VMware Network I/O Control

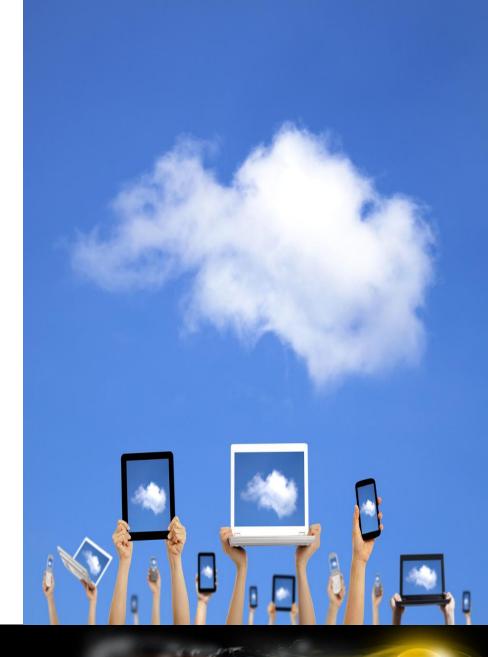


VMware Network I/O Control



Future

more bandwidth standard switch is on notice VXLAN local storage (VSA/vSAN) VMware vVolumes



After all that...

10 GbE bandwidth is a lot! logical separation or 2 x 10GbE with QoS/NIOC **10GbE minus FCoE** where is the switch? availability/load balancing at the host all uplinks active, don't waste bandwidth pod approach testing

VBlock/FlexPod/HP BladeSystem Matrix

Resources

wooditwork.com bradhedlund.com mseanmcgee.com rayheffer.com www.vmware.com/files/pdf/techpaper/VMW_Netioc_BestPractices.pdf www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ps9902/index.html www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/solutions/Enterprise/Data_Center/UF_FCoE_ final.html h18004.www1.hp.com/products/blades/virtualconnect/index.html www.viktorious.nl/2012/11/12/featured-vmug-presentation-designing-avsphere-deployment-for-cisco-ucs-blades



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